

an initiative of the TXOGA Workers' Compensation Safety Group

Slips, Trips, and Falls Prevention

What this Safety Talk Covers:

The "Dos" and "Don'ts" for preventing slips, trips, and falls at a worksite or in the oilfield.

Discussion Notes:

Discuss the outcomes of the "Dos" and "Don'ts."

Do

- √ Keep walking and working surfaces clear of tools, hoses, and cables. It's common around drilling rigs and flowlines for equipment to be temporarily laid out. Make it a habit to secure or reroute anything that can become a tripping hazard.
- ✓ Wear oil-resistant, slip-resistant boots. Mud, drilling fluids and oil spills are common on worksites. The right footwear is critical for maintaining traction on slick metal grating, rig floors, and catwalks.
- ✓ Use proper access points and handrails when climbing on or off equipment.
- ✓ Report and mark slippery conditions immediately. Conditions can change quickly. Whether it's a hydraulic fluid near a wellhead or ice on a pipeline catwalk, flag it and notify your supervisor so it gets cleaned or treated quickly.
- ✓ Inspect your work area at the start of each shift. Muddy pipe yards, uneven terrain at lease roads and loose gravel near tanks all pose risks. A quick scan can prevent a bad fall.
- ✓ Maintain three points of contact when climbing. Using both hands and one foot (or vice versa) helps you stay secure.

- **Don't** X Step over or walk on unsecured hoses or cables.
 - x Ignore damaged grating, uneven surfaces or broken stairs. These are common around separators and in older refinery areas. Tag it, report it and avoid the area until it's repaired.
 - x Leave tools, chains or shackles scattered around. Pipe yards and rig floors get cluttered fast. Clean up your area before it becomes a hazard.
 - x Jump off equipment or platforms. Even if it's just a short drop, the ground on site may be uneven, wet or soft. Always climb down properly.
 - x Assume others know about hazards you've noticed. If you see a trip hazard or slippery patch, speak up. Oilfields and worksites are team environments, and everyone's safety depends on good communication.



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Meeting notes: Employee comments/concerns: Other safety issues to be addressed on the job/facility:									
					Training record:	Date:	Jobsite/Facility:	/Facility:	
					-	Trainer:	Title:		
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(Continue recording signatures on a separate sheet of paper) Employee Quiz is provided on last page. Answers are: 1. (c), 2. (a), 3. (b), 4. (d), 5. (b)



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Employee QuizSlips, Trips, and Falls Prevention

Employee Name:	
Circle the correct answer below. 1. What type of footwear is best suited for preventing slips in the oilfield? a. Steel-toe sneakers b. Regular hiking boots	4. Which of the following is a good practice to help prevent tripping hazards in the oilfield? a. Stepping over unsecured hoses
 c. Oil-resistant, slip-resistant boots d. Rubber sandals 2. When should you inspect your work area for slip, trip, and fall hazards? a. At the start of each shift 	 b. Leaving chains and tools where you finish using them c. Ignoring temporary spills if they're small d. Keeping walkways clear of cables and equipment
 b. Once a week c. Only after it rains d. Only when a hazard is reported 3. Why is it dangerous to walk on hoses or flowlines in the oilfield? a. They might be hot 	5. It's okay to jump off platforms if they are only a few feet high.a. Trueb. False
b. They fright be notb. They are easy to trip on or roll an anklec. It helps them last longerd. It's not dangerous if you're careful	
Training record: Date:	Jobsite/Facility: